Printed Page:- 04		Subject Code:- ABT0404				
		Roll. No:				
NO		AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA				
	(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)					
	SEM: IV - THEORY EXAN	Tech				
		ogy and Pollution Abetment				
Time:	: 3 Hours	Max. Marks: 100				
General	l Instructions:					
IMP: V	erify that you have received the question	paper with the correct course, code, branch etc.				
		ons -A, B, & C. It consists of Multiple Choice				
_	ons $(MCQ$'s) & Subjective type questions.					
	imum marks for each question are indicat trate your answers with neat sketches wh	•				
	trate your answers with neat sketches who me suitable data if necessary.	erever necessary.				
	erably, write the answers in sequential or	der.				
-	heet should be left blank. Any written mai					
evaluat	ed/checked.					
SECTI	ON-A	20				
1. Atter	mpt all parts:-					
1-a.	The rule of 3R's to get rid of waste, do	pes not include (CO1)				
	(a) reduce					
	(b) reuse					
	(c) recycle					
	(d) regeneration					
1-b.		al tissues, organs and infected body parts are 1				
1 0.	to be disposed using (CO1)	in tissues, organis and infected body parts are				
	(a) Autoclaving					
	(b) Microwave					
	(c) Composting					
	(d) Incineration					
1-c.	Bacterial assemblage can help in the d	egradation of (CO2) 1				
	(a) alcohol					
	(b) carbonic acid					
	(c) water					
	(d) organic pollutants					
		1 in natura found within an arganism and				
1-d.	1-d. Foreign substances which are chemical in nature found within an organism and produced naturally are called as (CO2)					
	(a) Xenobiotics					

	(b)	Bio-leaching		
	(c)	Bio-remediation		
	(d)	Bio-fortification		
1-e. H		ow does a catalyst increase the rate of a reaction? (CO3)	1	
	(a)	By forming an intermediate complex		
	(b)	By increasing activation energy		
	(c)	By lowering the activation energy		
	(d)	By changing equilibrium constant		
1-f.	W	Thich of the following is incorrect for enzymes? (CO3)	1	
	(a)	Enzymes are specific		
	(b)	Most of the enzymes are protein		
	(c)	Reactivity of enzymes is least at optimum temperature		
	(d)	High temperature and UV rays can denature enzymes		
1-g.	В	ioaugmentation is a process that involves: (CO4)	1	
	(a)	Using plants for bioremediation		
	(b)	Bioventing		
	(c)	Sludge removal		
	(d)	Ex situ bioremediation		
1-h.	M	Mycorrhiza works as (CO4)		
	(a)	modified leaf mechanical support root hairs in adverse condition		
	(b)	mechanical support		
	(c)	root hairs in adverse condition		
	(d)	modified stem		
1-i.	E	nergy resources derived from natural organic materials are called (CO5)	1	
	(a)	geothermal energy		
	(b)	fossil fuels		
	(c)	biomass		
	(d)	Any of the above		
1-j.	N	Modern concept of sustainable development focuses more on (CO5)		
	(a)	economic development		
	(b)	social development		
	(c)	environmental protection		
	(d)	all of the above		
2. Att	empt a	all parts:-		
2.a.	W	That do you understand by waste management?(CO1)	2	
2.b.	Н	ow can you measure the rate of biodegradability? (CO2)	2	
2.c.	W	That are isolated enzymes? (CO3)	2	

2.d.	How can you improve the conditions that are unfavourable to bioremediation? (CO4)	2
2.e.	If the carbon to nitrogen (C:N) ratio is too high, then what will be its impact on decomposition? (CO5)	2
SECTI	ON-B	30
3. Answ	ver any <u>five</u> of the following:-	
3-a.	Discuss about activated sludge process in detail? (CO1)	6
3-b.	Discuss about the minimal national standards for waste disposal? (CO1)	6
3-c.	What do you understand by microbial degradation of xenobiotics? Discuss? (CO2)	6
3-d.	What are the three methods of biodegradation? Discuss each one of them? (CO2)	6
3.e.	Write some of the advantages and disadvantages of isolated enzymes? (CO3)	6
3.f.	Define bioremediation? Write down the different factors which affect the rate of bioremediation? (CO4)	6
3.g.	Describe the properties of biofertilizers? Compare biofertilizers with chemical fertilizers? (CO5)	6
SECTI	<u>ON-C</u>	50
4. Answ	ver any one of the following:-	
4-a.	Give a brief overview of biogas production with the help of suitable diagram? (CO1)	10
4-b.	How will you apply green biotechnology in biological waste management? (CO1)	10
5. Answ	ver any one of the following:-	
5-a.	Xenobiotic compounds are the compounds 'foreign to life'? What does this statement imply? (CO2)	10
5-b.	Define the term biodeterioration? Explain the mechanism of biodegradation process with the help of microorganisms? (CO2)	10
6. Answ	ver any one of the following:-	
6-a.	Compare and contrast the lock and key model with the induced fit model of enzyme action? What is the significance of these model? (CO3)	10
6-b.	What are the advantages and limitations of biocatalyst? What are some of the common prejudices against enzymes? (CO3)	10
7. Answ	ver any one of the following:-	
7-a.	What is micropropagation? Discuss in detail about the different stages of micropropagation? (CO4)	10
7-b.	Explain in detail about the case study of Bisrampur colliery for the restoration of coal mines? (CO4)	10
8. Answ	ver any one of the following:-	
8-a.	Briefly describe the principle, working and applications of biosensor? Also draw the diagram of biosensor. (CO5)	10
8-h	"Rigethanol must be considered as future petrol". How will you justify this	10

statement? (CO5)

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